## 09.21.23 Eðlisfræði 2a

## How to deal with BJT circuits?

Note:  $V_{\gamma}$  is the voltage drop over a forward biased diode.  $V_{\text{sat}}$  is the saturation voltage.

- 1. Apply Kirchoff's 2. law ("loop rule") to a closed loop containing the BE junction.
- 2. Do the same for a loop containing the CE junction.
- 3. Assume we are in cutoff and set  $I_{\rm B} = 0$  and find  $V_{\rm BE}$  based on item 1.
  - (a) If  $V_{\rm BE} < V_{\gamma}$  then the transistor is in the cutoff region.  $I_{\rm B} = 0$  and  $V_{\rm BE}$  remains unchanged. Set  $I_{\rm C} = I_{\rm E} = 0$  and calculate  $V_{\rm CE}$  based on item 2. *Done.*
  - (b) If  $V_{\rm BE} > V_{\gamma}$  then the transistion is not in cutoff. Set  $V_{\rm BE} = V_{\gamma}$ .
- 4. Assume the transistor is in the linear region. Set  $I_{\rm E} \simeq I_{\rm C} \simeq \beta I_{\rm B}$ . Calculate  $V_{\rm CE}$  based on item 2.
  - (a) If  $V_{\rm CE} > V_{\rm sat}$  then the transistor is in the linear region—problem solved.
  - (b) If  $V_{\rm CE} < V_{\rm sat}$  then the transistor is in saturation. Set  $V_{\rm CE} = V_{\rm sat}$  and calculate  $I_{\rm C}$  from item 2. Then you should have  $I_{\rm C} < \beta I_{\rm B}$ . Problem solved.

